Loss of Balance

Input File	Output File	Time Limit	Memory Limit
standard input	standard output	2 seconds	$256 { m MiB}$

An array A is (x, y)-fair, if there is an index i and an index j such that:

• i < j, and

• $A_i = x$ and $A_j = y$.

An array A is K-balanced if and only if:

- All elements of the array are integers between 1 and K.
- Every integer from 1 to K appears at least once in A.
- A is (x, y)-fair and (y, x)-fair for all pairs of integers x and y (from 1 to K) where $x \neq y$.

For example:

- [1, 2, 3, 4] is not 3-balanced, since the array contains a 4.
- [1, 3] is not 3-balanced, since the array does not contain a 2.
- [1, 2, 1, 3, 1] is not 3 balanced, since it is not (3, 2)-fair.
- [1, 2, 3, 2, 1] is 3-balanced.

Hugo has an array A containing N elements that is K-balanced. Unfortunately, he lost the array and would like you to help him recover it.

Fortunately, Hugo recalls a relative ordering of the elements of A. More precisely, he has an array B also of length N. For all i and j:

- if $B_i = B_j$, then $A_i = A_j$,
- if $B_i > B_j$, then $A_i \ge A_j$ (large inequality), and
- if $B_i < B_j$, then $A_i \le A_j$ (large inequality).

For example:

- If B = [1, 5, 2], then $A_1 \le A_3 \le A_2$.
- If B = [6, 3, 7, 7, 3, 7], then $A_3 = A_4 = A_6$ and $A_2 = A_5$. Furthermore, $A_5 \le A_1 \le A_6$.

Please help Hugo recover A, or say that it is impossible!

Subtasks and Constraints

For all subtasks, you are guaranteed that:

• $2 \le N \le 200\,000.$

•
$$2 < K < N$$
.

• $1 \le B_i \le 200\,000$, for all i.

Additional constraints for each subtask are given below.

Subtask	Points	Additional constraints
1	10	$N \leq 10$ and $B_i \leq K$, for all i .
2	20	$B_i \leq K$, for all <i>i</i> .
3	30	$N \leq 3000$
4	10	$K \le 5$
5	30	No further constraints apply.

Input

- The first line of input contains the two integers, N and K.
- The second line contains N integers. The *i*-th integer (starting from 1) is B_i .

Output

The output should contain N integers on a single line. The *i*-th of these integers should be A_i , and each integer **must** be between 1 and K.

The printed array A must be K-balanced **and** must match the relative order defined by B.

If there are many such correct array, you can output **any of them**. If no such array exists, print -1 instead.

Sample Input 1

5 3 5 300 900 300 6

Sample Output 1

1 2 3 2 1

Sample Input 2

10 5 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

Sample Output 2

-1

Sample Input 3

6 2 1 2 2 1 2 1

Sample Output 3

1 2 2 1 2 1

Explanation

In Sample Input 1, the only correct output is [1, 2, 3, 2, 1] (it is 3-balanced and it matches the relative order of B).

Note that, for example, the three following arrays would be **incorrect** output:

- [3, 1, 2, 3, 1] is 3-balanced, but does not match the relative order of B
- [1, 2, 3, 2, 2] matches the relative order of B, but is not 3-balanced.
- [1, 1, 2, 1, 1] matches the relative order of B, but is not 3-balanced.

In Sample Input 2, it is impossible to create an increasing 5-balanced array.

In Sample Input 3, the only correct output is [1, 2, 2, 1, 2, 1]. Note that Sample Input 3 satisfies the constraints of all subtasks.